# The iitsrc document class

Matej Košík kosik@fiit.stuba.sk

March 18, 2009

#### Abstract

The format required for the IIT.SRC conference proceedings is explained briefly. Here we give the IIT.SRC template. In order to enable the publisher to bring the conference proceedings into the uniform layout and style, authors are kindly requested to follow the suggestions mentioned in this paper.

## 1 Introduction

If you have decided to write an article to IIT.SRC conference in LATEX, then this document is for you. You certainly need not to read it whole. The most important things are in the beginning. Please read at least the first sections which are intended to give you a clue how to use this (iitsrc) document class.

This document tells you:

- How to install this document class is described in Section 2.
- It shows you a minimal source code of an empty article which uses the *iitsrc* class (Section 3). It could be regarded as a convenient starting point. It is advised to use it because it contains all the things in which *iitsrc* class differs from the generic *article* class. So if you use it, you will not be confused. Look at it.
- Compile that demo (example.tex) source code to test whether the iitsrc class works and whether there are no other problems.
- In Section 4 we explain all the details in which the *iitsrc* class differs from the generic **article** class. This information might be occasionally useful.
- And finally do the hardest part—write the actual text of your article. It should not exceed 8 pages.

Between  $\begin{document} and \end{document} you can use any decent LATEX commands you are used to.$ 

## 2 Installation

• Get the ZIP archive with IIT.SRC LATEX class from the conference site: http://www.fiit.stuba.sk/iit-src

- uncompress it
- go to the iitsrc directory

If you have all the essential software installed, you should be able to build the provided examples (example.pdf, test.pdf) by typing the make command.

## 3 A minimal source code of an IIT.SRC article

Here is how a minimal source code of a document which uses the prescribed <code>iitsrc</code> class might look like:

```
\documentclass{iitsrc}
\usepackage[utf8x]{inputenc}
\PrerenderUnicode{áäčďéíľĺňóôŕšťúýžÁÄČĎÉÍĽĹŇÓÔŔŠŤÚÝŽ}
% Please do not remove the following command:
\editpages{1}{8}
\title{A Skeleton of an IIT.SRC Article}
\author{Ján}{Novák}
\author{Martin}{Kováč}
\supervision{\bc}{\info}{Professor Xxxx Yyyy}{\iise, \fiit}
\mail{novak@fiit.stuba.sk}
\begin{document}
\begin{abstract}
    A place where you should concisely tell about your article and motivate
    the reader to read on.
\end{abstract}
The reason why \verb|\PrerenderUnicode| command might be necessary is
mentioned in the TODO list.
\section{Introduction}
Your text goes here.
\acknowledgement{Here you should mention the names of grants
                 which funded the work on this article. As defined
                 by a particular grant.}
\end{document}
```

## 4 Differences from the standard article class

This class was subclassed from the standard  $IAT_EX 2_{\varepsilon}$  article. This means that most of the things you were using within the article class can be used also in this class. The main changes (you should take care of) are related to the part of the source code bounded by

\documentclass{iitsrc}

and beginning of your abstract. See the above article skeleton. It hopefully gives you enough information to continue on your own without a need to read all the details explained herein.

However, just to be sure that each difference in the interface of this class from the standard **article** class is clearly described, in this place we describe them.

The first command in your source file should be:

\documentclass{iitsrc}[2008/08/01]

Next, with \usepackage command you can load whatever packages you need. This itsrc class already preloads the following packages:

- fontenc
- geometry
- cite
- $\bullet~{\rm times}$

with appropriate parameters. You should not to reload them. If you try to load some of the above packages with different options than those determined by the *iitsrc* class, the  $IAT_EX 2_{\varepsilon}$  will complain and you will not be able to compile your document.

As you can see, the editor requires usage of the Times font face. For now this font is prefered also for the LATEX contributions even though the default Computer Modern fonts look much better. The reason why Times are required is that all the documents submitted to IIT.SRC should be consistent. Hopefully, this decision (i.e. the necessity to use Times instead of Computer Modern) will be abandoned. But for now it holds.

There is also the

\editpages{1}{8}

command. It is not really needed for you. But please do not delete it. It is a convenience for those who will do the integration of diverse documents into a single volume. Since not all the contributions are done in  $IAT_EX$ , the page numbers will have to be set up manually. So please leave this command for these people.

Then there should follow the **\title** command. Such as the above one:

\title{A Skeleton of an IIT.SRC Article}

The string within the braces may employ explicit newline command  $\$  if you feel that in this way or the other you want to influence it.

Then there should be a sequence of the authors' names. Such as:

\author{Firstname}{Surname}

Notice that the **\author** command has two parameters (as opposed to the **\author** command in the standard **article** class<sup>1</sup>). The first parameter determines the author's first name(s). The second parameter determines the surname. There should be at least one **\author** command. There could be as many of them as needed.

Then there should occur a single  $\supervision$  command. Such as:

```
\supervision{Degree}{Field}{Your supervisor's name}{Supervisor's affiliation}
```

The first parameter should be one of the following three strings:

- \bc
- \ms
- \phd

The second parameter should be one of the following strings:

- Informatics
- Computer Engineering
- Software Engineering
- Information Systems
- Applied Informatics
- Artificial Intelligence

The third parameter should be your supervisor's name; if appropriate, prefixed with one of these strings:

- Professor~
- Assoc. "Professor"
- Dr.~

The fourth parameter should state affiliation of your supervisor:

- \iai, \fiit
- \icsn, \fiit
- \iise, \fiit

Then there could optionally follow a \mail command

\mail{your@mail.net}

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The other difference is that in this class, if there are more than one authors, they are not declared by a single  $\author$  command but by a sequence of the  $\author$  commands.

which gives reader a chance to contact you later if that person considers you article interesting. Please utilize also this command.

Then you can continue with:

\begin{document}

```
\begin{abstract}
A place where you should concisely tell about your article and motivate
the reader to read on.
\end{abstract}
```

The abstract should not exceed 100 words.

After the above mandatory part you can put the actual text of your article. In further text you can use those commands which can be used also with the standard **article** class. They are described in many places. Also for example in [4].

The last section of your article should be "Conclusions". It is a good place to summarize your contribution.

Concerning typesetting the bibliography, please use the **iitsrc.bst** file we provide. It is part of the archive you downloaded.

If you have to put specific note concerning the grant which funded your article, please do that with \acknowledgement command as indicated below. The text which should be put there usually defined by your particular grant. The \acknowledgement command will only ensure its proper formatting.

\acknowledgement{Here you should mention the names of grants which funded the work on this article and such. As defined by a particular grant.}

Finally you should use:

\end{document}

## 5 TODO

This is our first attempt to extend the original  $\underline{\text{LATEX}} 2_{\varepsilon}$  article class. Sources of related useful information can be found in [1, 3, 5–9]. Things which should be checked and set up correctly:

- At the moment, the \supervisor command does not allow to specify different affiliations of different students (if these are different).
- It would be appropriate to reveal what (and how it accomplishes it) does the **\and** macro within the standard article class's **\author** command.
- Computer Modern font is still used in the math mode. Is there a possibility how could we enforce utilization of the Times font also in math-mode? There is so called mathtime

package but when we tried to use it, it produced catastrophic results. We have also observed that even though Times have the "fi" ligature, it does not have the "ffi" ligature, which is quite common in English. This was observed within the word "affiliation". In Computer Modern, everything is OK. In Times, the first "f" is separate and then goes the "fi" ligature. Horrible. The other reasons why to abandon the Times font family.

- Computer Modern font is still used with small-caps (\sc) text. Times does not seem to have small-caps variant. The other reason why to adhere to Computer Modern.
- The class's source code should contain a note where is related home page.
- The testing file(s) should be generated from the dtx file.
- Reveal why \footnote command causes the "Overfull hbox" warning. Maybe the width of the footnotes is too wide.
- If at the bottom of a title page is some high vertical box, then the abstract might get moved toward the e-mail address. That is, the space between the e-mail address and the abstract might be affected by page-break algorithm. This should not be the case.
- Now, the page margins are set to match the Word template. That is, length of the left and the right margin are the same. The text is 13.5 cm wide. Since we are going to print a (two-sided) book, it might be advantageous to reconsider the setting of the margins according to the good typographic practices. This means that the space in between the adjacent two pages (two inner margins) is the same as the outer margins.
- The BIBT<sub>F</sub>X style should be compared with the instructions in [2, 10].
- The iitsrc.bst should be checked checked against xample.bib.
- The iitsrc.bst should be checked what happens if one omits the mandatory field from BIBT<sub>F</sub>X record.
- Those convenient macros for supervisors should be put back.
- The class should allow to change the address of the contributors. The FIIT STU certainly should not be the only hard-coded options. In the year 2007 there were contributions also from different universitites.
- The \supervision macro should be reconsidered. What if one author has one supervisor and the other one has different supervisor? We should allow a similar inteligent possibilities as in springer classes. That is one supervisor can be referred to by two authors but on the other hand two authors might have different supervisors. There may be even cases when there is no supervisor at all (or the first author has and the second one do not have supervisor). This possibility should also be supported.
- The url field in  ${\rm BisT}_{E\!X}$  records should be taken into consideration too and typeset correctly.
- Under the abstract could be also \keywords commond. That makes sense. The question is whether we want such thing.
- We should change the *iitsrc.bst* file to produce such the list of authors and the list of editors in such a way that only first or only the first two autors/editors are typeset. The rest of them should be denoted as **et al**. This will could shorted the bibliographic references in some cases without introducing much ambiguity.

- Maybe before IIT.SRC 2009 there could be one tutorial session for those who consider submitting papers in IATEX form where some basic things will be explained (simple IATEX article skeleton should be demostrated, compiling the IATEX article, sample article source code (together with Makefile and other convenient things), what is BIBTEX, how to use it, how to enrich the BIBTEX database (the correct way how the names of the authors, editors etc. should be written, sources of the BIBTEX records (citeseer, ACM portal, etc), which kinds of bibliographic references are supported etc, typical erros (difference between hyphen, en-dash, em-dash according to the collected problems which occured in 2008). Maybe we should show some representative entries in the sample common.bib BIBTEX database.
- Concerning the *iitsrc.bst* file, I think that the year of the particular bibliographic references should not be in parentheses. But some authoritative literature concerning styles and standards should be consulted.
- We should allow one other to have more than one supervisor (as in the case of 39-uzak contribution to IIT.SRC.)
- The iitsrc.bst should be enhanced to take into the account also the url field in a similar way as it is done in elsart-num.bst
- This style introduced special style of page headers. Our page numbers are typeset in italics. As soon as the Word template will be dropped we might change the typesetting of page numbers back to romans. This is more conventional.
- Students should perhaps be trained to use LATEX. Maybe with this class.
- The hyphenation was previously turned off in order to match Word style. Of course, once the Word template will be dropped, the hyphenation should be reenabled (although now I see that the word hyphenation is not suppressed).
- The example.pdf file contains a bibliographic reference to SWIG. It is desirable to change the way how these kind of things are rendered. It is not a good idea to put information concerning "last access time" into the note attribute. It would be desirable to define new (optional) attribute for this purpose and let appropriate string (in brackets) render before the actual URL link.
- At the moment, users can choose their encoding by using appropriate \usepackage[...]{inputenc} command. Unfortunatelly, if:
  - The authors' names do not include diacritical marks
  - The parameter of the \thanks command includes some diacritical marks

then the footnote at the bottom of the first page will contain junk. The problem disappears if we:

- Move \usepackage[utf8x]{inputenc} together with \PrerenderUnicode{...} from user's document to the iitsrc.cls file.
- Ideally, we should create an environment in the school where both, LaTeX and IIT.SRC class file would be preinstalled. It might be a last resort for those students that are not able to install required software and our class files to their computer.

#### 6 Implementation

Announce yourself.

```
1 \NeedsTeXFormat{LaTeX2e}
2 \ProvidesClass{iitsrc}[2008/11/10]
```

Load the superclass.

3 \LoadClass[12pt,twoside]{article}

Load packages we will certainly need.

```
4 \RequirePackage[IL2]{fontenc}
5 \RequirePackage{cite}
6 \RequirePackage{times}
7 \RequirePackage[dvips,dvipdfm,a4paper,centering,textwidth=13.5cm,top=4.6cm,headsep=.6cm,footnotesep=1cm,f
8 \RequirePackage{microtype}
```

\Large Here we adjust the symbolic font sizes. These macros are used elsewhere for choosing the correct \LARGE font size for particular typeset element. \large

\normalsize

| \footnotesize  | footnotes  |  |
|--|--|--|
| \small   | abstract and page heading                          |  |
| \normalsize  | normal text, subsubsection,                        |  |
|  | page footings and few things within the title page |  |
| \large   | subsection   |  |
| \Large   | section  |  |
| \LARGE   | title of an article                                |  |
|  | \LARGE}{\@setfontsize\LARGE{20pt}{24pt}}           |  |
| 10 $\renewcommand{\Large}{\@setfontsize\Large{13pt}{15.6pt}}$          |  |  |
| <pre>11 \renewcommand{\large}{\@setfontsize\large{12pt}{14.4pt}}</pre> |  |  |
| 12 \renewcommand{\normalsize}{\@setfontsize\normalsize{11pt}{13.2pt}}  |  |  |
| 13   | \small}{\@setfontsize\small{10pt}{12pt}}           |  |
| 14<br>_12<br>_12 t]}   |  |  |
| · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                                  |  |  |

- 15 renewcommand ttdefault cmtt
- 16  $DeclareMathSizes{11}{11}{8}{6}$
- \timesrm The \RequirePackage{times} already ensured that throughout the document the Times font family will be used. However, we have noticed that in the title page there are places which were still typeset with the Computer Modern font (which we unfortunately cannot use.) So for those cases where by default Times font family would not be automatically utilized we define the \timesrm macro to eliminate the remaining utilization of other fonts (such as Computer Modern).

```
17 \newcommand\timesrm{\usefont{IL2}{ptm}{n}}
```

knowledgementname Here we influence the captions of figures and tables. Instead of "Figure" and "Table" (as they are defined within *babel*) there will appear "Fig." and "Tab.". Apart from that we define a new name \acknowledgementname. Its contents will appear when user uses the \acknowledgement command.

```
18 \newcommand\acknowledgementname{Acknowledgement:}
```

```
abstract We redefine the abstract environment:
```

```
\renewenvironment{abstract}%
19
20
           {%
21
                \begin{center}%
22
                    \vskip2mm%
23
                    \small
                    \begin{minipage}{10cm}%
24
25
                        {\bf\abstractname.}%
26
                        \setlength\parindent{2em}
27
                        \hskip-.25em
           }%
28
           {%
29
                    \end{minipage}%
30
                \end{center}%
31
32
                \normalsize
33
           }%
```

\labelitemi Redefine the style of labels of itemized and enumerated lists. We change only the first, the second \labelitemii and the third level. We leave the fourth level as is.

```
\labelitemiii
\labelenumii
\labelenumii
\labelenumii
\labelenumiii
\labelenumiii
\labelenumiii
\labelenumiii
\labelenumiii
\labelenumiii
\labelenumiii
\labelenumiii
\labelenumiii\\ranabic{enumi}.}
38 \renewcommand\labelenumii{\arabic{enumi}.}
39 \renewcommand\labelenumii{\roman{enumii}.}
```

\acknowledgement We define a new command which makes it possible to insert information about grants which funded particular article and such. It is usually employed at the end (just before the bibliography) of the source code.

```
40 \newcommand\acknowledgement[1]{%
41     \vskip1em%
42     \noindent{\em\acknowledgementname}\hskip\labelsep#1%
43 }
```

\editpages These macros are related to the setting of correct start and end-page number. The \editpages macro enables the editor to (manually) set the desired number of the initial page belonging to this article and the final page.

```
44 \newcommand\editpages[2]{%
45 \setcounter{page}{#1}%
46 \gdef\@startpage{#1}%
47 \gdef\@endpage{#2}%
48 }
```

\@startpage These global variables are initialized to the default start and end page numbers. Here we also
 \@endpage define what should appear in the note at the bottom of the title page.
 \@bottomnote

```
49 \gdef\@startpage{1}
```

```
50 \gdef\@endpage{1}
51 \gdef\@bottomnote{%
52 \ifnum\@startpage=\@endpage
53 IIT.SRC 2009, Bratislava, April 29, 2009, p.~\@startpage
54 \else
55 IIT.SRC 2009, Bratislava, April 29, 2009, pp.~\@startpage--\@endpage
56 \fi
57 }
```

\ps@empty We redefine the meaning of the empty page style we use for the title page. We change the meaning of both, the \@oddfoot and the \@evenfoot. Since the initial page number will be set later, we cannot know whether it will be even or odd. Therefore it is necessary to change both. Original version of this macro is defined in ltpage.dtx.

```
58 \gdef\ps@empty{%
59 \let\@mkboth\@gobbletwo
60 \let\@oddhead\@empty
61 \def\@oddfoot{\hfill\footnotesize\it\@bottomnote.}%
62 \let\@evenhead\@empty
63 \def\@evenfoot{\hfill\footnotesize\it\@bottomnote.}%
64 }
```

\ps@myheadings We redefine the meaning of the \ps@myheadings because we want to change not only the text inside the headings but also the font used therein.

```
65 \gdef\ps@myheadings{%
66 \let\@oddfoot\@empty
67 \let\@evenfoot\@empty
68 \def\@evenhead{\small\it\thepage\hfil\leftmark}
69 \def\@oddhead{\small\it\rightmark\hfil\thepage}
70 }
```

\@maketitle Redefine the things which should go on top of the title-page.

First we thought that since we have to redefine the \maketitle there is no reason to keep \@maketitle stuff outside \maketitle definition. We considered it as over-factorization. But indeed it has sense to keep \@maketitle stuff separate from the ugly stuff within the \maketitle definition. It has sense, because someone might later want to change solely the top of the titlepage (as it was in my former attempt) without bothering about other things which can be found in \maketitle. This can be done quite easily when \@maketitle stuff is separate from \maketitle. So we adhere to the original separation of these two things.

```
71 \renewcommand\@maketitle{%
      \begin{center}%
72
           \vbox{}%
73
74
           \vskip1.65cm%
           \begin{minipage}{\hsize}%
75
               \begin{center}%
76
                   \LARGE\@title
77
               \end{center}
78
           \end{minipage}%
79
           \vskip.9cm%
80
           \ifnum\arabic{@authorlinenumber}=0%
81
```

```
\unvbox\@authorlines
82
               \hbox to \hsize{%
83
                   \hfill\unhbox\@authorline\hfill
84
              }%
85
          \else
86
               \unvbox\@authorlines
87
               \vskip\@authorlineskip
88
               \hbox to \hsize{%
89
90
                   \hfill\unhbox\@authorline\hfill
              }%
91
          \fi
92
          \vskip3mm%
93
          {\it Slovak University of Technology\\
94
          Faculty of Informatics and Information Technologies/\
95
          Ilkovi\v cova 3, 842 16 Bratislava, Slovakia}\\
96
97
          {\tt\@mail}%
      \end{center}%
98
99 }
```

\maketitle We have found out that we need to redefine not only the convenient hook \@maketitle but also the main \maketitle because we needed to influence things which were done in the \maketitle rather than in the \@maketitle.

100 \renewcommand\maketitle{\par

Unchanged

| 101 | \begingroup                                       |
|-----|---|
| 102 | \renewcommand%                                    |
| 103 | \@fnsymbol\c@footnote                             |
| 104 | }%  |
| 105 | \def\@makefnmark{%                                |
| 106 | \rlap{\@textsuperscript{\normalfont\@thefnmark}}% |
| 107 | }%  |

Changed. It determines the way how (in this case \thanks-like) footnote text is typeset.

| 108 | \long\def\@makefntext##1{%                                     |
|-----|--|
| 109 | \noindent  |
| 110 | \hskip1em%   |
| 111 | %  |
| 112 | % The following 'advance' is necessary due to the last 'hskip' |
| 113 | % command which moves the whole vbox 1em to the right.         |
| 114 | \advance\hsize-1em%  |
| 115 | \hskip-1em\@textsuperscript{\normalfont\@thefnmark}%           |
| 116 | \hskip.5em%  |
| 117 | ##1%   |
| 118 | 3%   |
| 119 | }%   |
| 120 | \newpage   |

Unchanged. Prevents figures from going at top of page. Include the stuff which goes on the top of the title page.

121 \global\@topnum\z@

#### 122 \@maketitle

Changed. We choose so called empty style for the title page (instead of the plain chosen in the original \maketitle definition). Note that the empty page style is also redefined herein. See the ps@empty definition within this class.

#### 123 \thispagestyle{empty}%

The rest is the same as in the original \maketitle macro.

```
\@thanks
124
       \endgroup
125
       \setcounter{footnote}{0}%
126
       \global\let\thanks\relax
127
       \global\let\maketitle\relax
128
129
       \global\let\@maketitle\relax
       \global\let\@thanks\@empty
130
       \global\let\@author\@empty
131
132
       \global\let\@date\@empty
133
       \global\let\@title\@empty
134
       \global\let\title\relax
       \global\let\author\relax
135
       \global\let\date\relax
136
137
       \global\let\and\relax
138 }
```

 $\mbox{Comakecaption}$  The default  $\mbox{LAT}_EX$  way how captions are typeset was different from the way how these things are done in the original Word template so in order to be consistent with it, we redefine the caption typesetting instructions.

Our version is different from the original in the way that:

- our figure/table etc number is ended by dot (and not by a colon),
- float type name and float number are typeset in italic face,
- the size of the font used for typesetting the label is 10pt.

```
139 \long\def\@makecaption#1#2{%
       \vskip\abovecaptionskip
140
       \sbox\@tempboxa{\small{\em #1. #2}}%
141
       \ifdim \wd\@tempboxa >\hsize
142
143
            \small{\em #1. #2}\par
       \else
144
            \global\@minipagefalse
145
146
            \hb@xt@\hsize{\hfil\box\@tempboxa\hfil}%
147
       \fi
       \vskip\belowcaptionskip
148
149 }
```

\Cauthorlines Here is a part of code which deals with typesetting the authors' names in the title page.

Here are the boxes in which we hold the hitherto composed material for (authors' names) typesetting. The \@authorlines (vertical-box) contains lines (horizontal-boxes) with authors' names. The \@authorline contains the currently constructed line of authors' names. Each line contains at most three names. New name is added to the current line if there is space (there are less than three names there). Otherwise the current line (horizontal-box) is appended at the end of the \@authorlines.

The vertical-box containing the particular lines (horizontal-boxes) with at most three authors' names.

150 \newbox\@authorlines
151 \setbox\@authorlines=\vbox{}

\Cauthorline The horizontal-box containing the currently constructed line with authors' names.

```
152 \newbox\@authorline
153 \setbox\@authorline=\hbox{}
```

- **@authorinline** This counter represents the number of the currently processed author within the currently constructed line of authors. Its value help us to decide where and how to put the current author's name. There are three cases:
  - the **@authorinline** is 1: this means that the author's name should be put to **\@authorline** (which is currently yet empty).
  - the @authorinline is 4: this means that the author's name does not fit to the currently constructed line with authors' names. Thus, \@authorline horizontal-box is appended at the end of the \@authorlines vertical-box and current author's name is put to the \@authorline (which is thus overwritten and now will contain a single author's name.) The authorlinenumber is incremented. The authorinline is set to 1.
  - the **@authorinline** is 2 or 3: the current author's name is added to \**@authorline** horizontal-box with prepended comma. It will separate it from the previous author's name. The **@authorinline** is incremented.

```
154 \newcounter{@authorinline}
155 \setcounter{@authorinline}0
```

Qauthorlinenumber It holds the number of lines held by \Qauthorlines. It helps to decide whether or not to put the vertical skip before the current author line which is appended to the \Qauthorlines. If that vertical-box is yet empty (if this counter is 0) then no vertical space is prepended before the current authors' line. Otherwise the \Qauthorlineskip (by default .2em) is prepended.

```
156 \newcounter{@authorlinenumber}
157 \setcounter{@authorlinenumber}0
```

Cauthorlineskip The vertical space inserted between the adjacent authors' lines.

```
158 \mbox{newcommand}\end{\end{authorlineskip}}
```

**@firstauthorname** These variables are set in the **\author** command to the name of the first and the second author name respectively. These values are needed when we will compute and set (with **\markboth** command) the left heading of the page<sup>2</sup>.

 $<sup>^{2}</sup>$ The initial value of these variables is insignificant—it will be overwritten. We only wanted to make few notes concerning their meaning.

```
159 \gdef\@firstauthorname{}
160 \gdef\@secondauthorname{}
```

**Cnumberofauthors** This counter is used for determining the total number of all authors of this document. It is incremented eachtime **\author** command is used.

```
161 \newcounter{@numberofauthors}
162 \setcounter{@numberofauthors}0
```

- \author This macro can be used as many times as necessary (at least once). Each time it is used, it enriches
  - \@authorline horizontal-box
  - and sometimes also even \@authorlines vertical-box.

and a few other things.

```
163 \renewcommand\author[2]{%
```

```
165 \stepcounter{@authorinline}%166 \stepcounter{@numberofauthors}%
```

Set the \@firstauthorname or \@secondauthorname to the appropriate value.

```
167 \ifnum\arabic{@numberofauthors}=1%
168 \gdef\@firstauthorname{#1~#2}%
169 \fi
170 \ifnum\arabic{@numberofauthors}=2%
171 \gdef\@secondauthorname{#1~#2}%
172 \fi
```

Enrich the \@authorline horizontal-box and if necessary also the \@authorlines vertical-box.

```
173
       \ifnum\arabic{@authorinline}=1%
174
           % This is the first author in the line.
           \setbox\@authorline=\hbox{{\timesrm#1}~{\sc#2}}%
175
176
       \else
           \ifnum\arabic{@authorinline}=4%
177
                % This would be the fourth author in the line.
178
                \ifnum\arabic{@authorlinenumber}=1%
179
                    % This is the first line of authors.
180
                    \setbox\@authorlines=\vbox{%
181
                        \unvbox\@authorlines
182
183
                        \hbox to \hsize{\hfill\unhbox\@authorline\hfill}%
                    7%
184
                \else
185
                    % This is not the first line of authors.
186
                    \setbox\@authorlines=\vbox{%
187
                        \unvbox\@authorlines
188
                        \vskip\@authorlineskip
189
                        \hbox to \hsize{\hfill\unhbox\@authorline\hfill}%
190
                    }%
191
                \fi
192
```

```
\setbox\@authorline=\hbox{{\timesrm#1}~{\sc#2}}%
193
                \setcounter{@authorinline}1%
194
                \stepcounter{@authorlinenumber}%
195
            \else
196
                % This is the second or the third author in the line
197
                \setbox\@authorline=\hbox{%
198
                    \unhbox\@authorline, {\timesrm#1}~{\sc#2}%
199
                }%
200
            \fi
201
202
       \fi
203 }
```

Redefinition of the **\thefootnote** macro was necessary because otherwise reference to the supervisor which is placed after the last author name would be Arabic numeral and we need to be the character produced by the **\@fnsymbol**. The behavior of this macro is set back at the end of the **\supervision**. See the next macro definition.

\supervision This macro flushes \@authorline horizontal-box to \@authorlines vertical-box while it appends to the last horizontal box the so called \thanks tag. Again, depending on the fact whether the \@authorlines is empty (@authorlinenumber counter is 0) or not, the small vertical skip is prepended before the last line.

```
204 \newcommand\supervision[4]
205 {%
206 \setbox\@authorline\hbox{%
207 \unhbox\@authorline
208 \thanks{#1 study programme in field: #2\\Supervisor: #3, #4}}%
209 }
```

- \bc The following macros might be useful for the first (degree) parameter of the \supervision \ms macro.
- \phd

```
\info The following macros might be useful for the second (your affiliation) parameter of the \compeng \supervision macro.
```

\softeng

```
\idesi
\idesi
210 \newcommand\fiit{Faculty of Informatics and Information Technologies STU in Bratislava}
210 \newcommand\iai{Institute of Applied Informatics}
212 \newcommand\iise{Institute of Informatics and Software Engineering}
213 \newcommand\icsn{Institute of Computer Systems and Networks}
```

\@makefntext Redefine the way how normal (non-\thanks) footnotes are typeset.

```
    214
    \long\def\@makefntext#1{%

    215
    \noindent

    216
    \hskip1em%

    217
    \vbox{%

    218
    \hskip-1em\@textsuperscript{\normalfont\@thefnmark}%

    219
    \hskip.5em%

    220
    #1%
```

```
221 }%
222 }%
```

\mail The \mail macro (used within preamble) enables the user to typeset the contact e-mail address.

```
223 \gdef\@mail{}
```

224 \newcommand\mail[1]{\gdef\@mail{#1}}

\AtBeginDocument The meaning of the \begin{document} command.

We first decide how should (particularly the left) heading look like. There are three cases.

- there is a single author—the left header then contains the name of this author,
- there are two authors—the left header contains the names of both these names separated by a comma,
- there are more the two authors—then the left header contains the name of the first author and the et al. string.

```
225 \AtBeginDocument{%
```

|       | 0   |
|-------|---|
| 226   | \ifnum\arabic{@numberofauthors}=1%                            |
| 227   | % there is only one author                                    |
| 228   | \markboth{\hfill\@firstauthorname\hfill}%                     |
| 229   | {\hfill{\@title}\hfill}%                                      |
| 230   | \else\ifnum\arabic{@numberofauthors}=2%                       |
| 231   | % there are two authors                                       |
| 232   | \markboth{\hfill\@firstauthorname,~\@secondauthorname\hfill}% |
| 233   | {\hfill{\@title}\hfill}%                                      |
| 234   | \else   |
| 235   | % there are more than two authors                             |
| 236   | \markboth{\hfill\@firstauthorname~et~al.\hfill}%              |
| 237   | {\hfill{\@title}\hfill}%                                      |
| 238   | \fi\fi  |
| 239   | \maketitle  |
| 240   | \pagestyle{myheadings}%                                       |
| 241   | \renewcommand\thefootnote{\arabic{footnote}}%                 |
| 242 } |   |
|       |   |

Above we set back the value of **\thefootnote** to the original value. It determines the way how footnotemarks appear. Hitherto we used footnotes for typesetting the supervisors. Their footnotemarks appeared as special characters (not arabic numbers). Now, however, we want to set this value back because we want ordinary footnotes (inserted in normal text) typeset normally—with arabic numbers.

## References

- [1] IAT<sub>E</sub>X  $2_{\varepsilon}$  for class and package writers, 1999.
- [2] Chicago Editorial Staff. The Chicago Manual of Style: The Essential Guide for Writers, Editors, and Publishers.

- [3] Donald E. Knuth. *T<sub>E</sub>X and METAFONT: New Directions in Typesetting*. Digital Press, 1979.
- [4] Leslie Lamport. A Document Preparation System LATEX, User's Guide and Reference Manual. Addison Wesley, 1986.
- [5] Leslie Lamport, Frank Mittelbach, and Johannes Braams. Standard Document Classes for IAT<sub>E</sub>X version 2e, 2001.
- [6] Frank Mittelbach. The doc and shortvrb Packages, 2001.
- [7] Frank Mittelbach, Denys Duchier, Johannes Braams, Marcin Woliński, and Mark Wooding. The DocStrip program, 1999.
- [8] Oren Patashnik. Designing  $BIBT_{EX}$  Styles, February 1988.
- [9] Oren Patashnik. BIBT<sub>E</sub>Xing, February 1988.
- [10] Mary-Claire van Leunen. A Handbook for Scholars. Knopf, 1979.